

Package `mactivate`

Examples I

Dave Zes

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1 Example: Small Data, Categorical Inputs, Numerical Response

```
library(mactivate)
set.seed(777)
f_dummy <- function(x) {
  u.x <- sort(unique(x))
  d <- length(u.x)
  mx.out <- matrix(0, length(x), d)
  for (i in 1:d) {
    mx.out[, i] <- as.integer(u.x[i] == x)
  }
  colnames(mx.out) <- u.x
  return(mx.out)
}
## small

N <- 80000
x1_dom <- toupper(letters[1:5])
x1 <- sample( x1_dom, size=N, replace=TRUE )
x2_dom <- paste0("x", 1:10)
x2 <- sample( x2_dom, size=N, replace=TRUE )
x3_dom <- c("Yes", "No", "NR")
x3 <- sample( x3_dom, size=N, replace=TRUE )
aX1 <- f_dummy(x1)
aX2 <- f_dummy(x2)
```

```

aX3 <- f_dummy(x3)
X <- cbind(aX1, aX2, aX3)
d <- ncol(X)
dim(X)
b <- rep_len( c(-2, 2), d )
ystar <-
  X %*% b +
  10 * X[ , "A"] * X[ , "Yes"] -
  10 * X[ , "B"] * X[ , "No"]
xtrue_formula <- eval(parse(text="y ~ . + x1:x3"))
m_tot <- 5
Xall <- t( ( t(X) - apply(X, 2, mean) ) / apply(X, 2, sd) )
#Xall <- 2 * X - 1

#Xall <- X + rnorm(prod(dim(X)), 0, 1/10)

xnoint_formula <- eval(parse(text="y ~ ."))
errs <- rnorm(N, 0, 5)
y <- ystar + errs
Nall <- N
cov(X)
yall <- y
sd(y)
dfx <- data.frame("y"=yall, x1, x2, x3)
##### incorrectly fit LM: no interactions

xlm <- lm(xnoint_formula , data=dfx)
summary(xlm)
yhat <- predict(xlm, newdata=dfx)
sqrt( mean( (yall - yhat)^2 ) )
##### incorrectly fit LM: no lower-order interactions
xlm <- lm(xtrue_formula , data=dfx)
summary(xlm)
yhat <- predict(xlm, newdata=dfx)
sqrt( mean( (yall - yhat)^2 ) )
xxfoldNumber <- rep_len( 1:4, Nall )

```

```

ufolds <- sort(unique(xxfoldNumber))
#####
#ndx_test <- xxfoldNumber %in% 1
#ndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, ndx_test )
#####
X_train <- Xall[ ndx_train, , drop=FALSE ]
X_test <- Xall[ ndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
y_train <- yall[ ndx_train ]
y_test <- yall[ ndx_test ]
#####
#####
##### takes about 10 minutes

xcmact_hybrid <-
f_control_mactivate(
param_sensitivity = 10^11,
bool_free_w = TRUE,
w0_seed = 0.05,
w_col_search = "alternate",
max_internal_iter = 500,
ss_stop = 10^(-12),
escape_rate = 1.005,
Wadj = 1/1,
force_tries = 0,
lambda = 1/1000,
tol = 10^(-12)
)
Uall <- Xall
xthis_fold <- ufold[ 1 ]
ndx_test <- which( xxfoldNumber %in% xthis_fold )
ndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, ndx_test )
#####
##### hybrid
##### hybrid

```

```

X_train <- Xall[ xndx_train, , drop=FALSE ]
y_train <- yall[ xndx_train ]
xxnow <- Sys.time()
xxls_out <-
  f_fit_hybrid_01(
    X = X_train,
    y = y_train,
    m_tot = m_tot,
    U = X_train,
    m_start = 1,
    mact_control = xcmact_hybrid,
    verbosity = 1
  )
cat( difftime(Sys.time(), xxnow, units="mins"), "\n" )
##### check test error

U_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
X_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
y_test <- yall[ xndx_test ]
yhatTT <- matrix(NA, length(xndx_test), m_tot+1)
for(iimm in 0:m_tot) {
  yhat_fold <- predict(object=xxls_out, X0=X_test, U0=U_test, mcols=iimm )
  yhatTT[ , iimm + 1 ] <- yhat_fold
}
errs_by_m <- NULL
for(iimm in 1:ncol(yhatTT)) {
  yhatX <- yhatTT[ , iimm]
  errs_by_m[ iimm ] <- sqrt(mean( (y_test - yhatX)^2 ))
  cat(iimm, ":", errs_by_m[ iimm ])
}
##### plot test RMSE vs m

plot(0:(length(errs_by_m)-1), errs_by_m, type="l", xlab="m", ylab="RMSE Cost")
##### MLR test using 'correct' model
xtrue_formula_use <- xtrue_formula
xthis_fold <- ufolders[ 1 ]
xndx_test <- which( xfoldNumber %in% xthis_fold )
xndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, xndx_test )
xlm <- lm(xtrue_formula_use , data=dfx[ xndx_train, ])

```

```

yhat <- predict(xlm, newdata=dfx[ xndx_test, ])
sqrt( mean( (y_test - yhat)^2 ) )
#####
##### gradient
#####
##### gradient

##### takes about 15-30 minutes

#Xall <- t( ( t(X) - apply(X, 2, mean) ) / apply(X, 2, sd) )

#Xall <- 2 * X - 1

set.seed(777)
Xall <- t( ( t(X) - apply(X, 2, mean) ) / apply(X, 2, sd) ) + rnorm(prod(dim(X)), 0, 1/50)
xcmact_gradient <-
  f_control_mactivate(
    param_sensitivity = 10^14,
    bool_free_w = TRUE,
    w0_seed = 0.1,
    w_col_search = "alternate",
    bool_headStart = TRUE,
    ss_stop = 10^(-18), ## very small
    escape_rate = 1.005,
    step_size = 1,
    Wadj = 1/1,
    force_tries = 100,
    lambda = 0
  )
#### Fit

Uall <- Xall
xthis_fold <- uflds[ 1 ]
xndx_test <- which( xxfoldNumber %in% xthis_fold )
xndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, xndx_test )
X_train <- Xall[ xndx_train, , drop=FALSE ]
y_train <- yall[ xndx_train ]
xxnow <- Sys.time()
xxls_out <-

```

```

f_fit_gradient_01(
  X = X_train,
  y = y_train,
  m_tot = m_tot,
  U = X_train,
  m_start = 1,
  mact_control = xcmaact_gradient,
  verbosity = 1
)
cat( difftime(Sys.time(), xxnow, units="mins"), "\n" )
##### check test error

U_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
X_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
y_test <- yall[ xndx_test ]
yhatTT <- matrix(NA, length(xndx_test), m_tot+1)
for(iimm in 0:m_tot) {
  yhat_fold <- predict(object=xxls_out, X0=X_test, U0=U_test, mcols=iimm )
  yhatTT[ , iimm + 1 ] <- yhat_fold
}
errs_by_m <- NULL
for(iimm in 1:ncol(yhatTT)) {
  yhatX <- yhatTT[ , iimm]
  errs_by_m[ iimm ] <- sqrt(mean( (y_test - yhatX)^2 ))
  cat(iimm, ":", errs_by_m[ iimm ])
}
##### plot test RMSE vs m

plot(0:(length(errs_by_m)-1), errs_by_m, type="l", xlab="m", ylab="RMSE Cost")

```

2 Example: Small Data, Categorical Inputs, Dichotomous Response

```

library(mactivate)
set.seed(777)
f_dummy <- function(x) {
  u.x <- sort(unique(x))

```

```

d <- length(u.x)
mx.out <- matrix(0, length(x), d)
for (i in 1:d) {
  mx.out[, i] <- as.integer(u.x[i] == x)
}
colnames(mx.out) <- u.x
return(mx.out)
}
## small

N <- 80000
x1_dom <- toupper(letters[1:5])
x1 <- sample( x1_dom, size=N, replace=TRUE )
x2_dom <- paste0("x", 1:10)
x2 <- sample( x2_dom, size=N, replace=TRUE )
x3_dom <- c("Yes", "No", "NR")
x3 <- sample( x3_dom, size=N, replace=TRUE )
aX1 <- f_dummy(x1)
aX2 <- f_dummy(x2)
aX3 <- f_dummy(x3)
X <- cbind(aX1, aX2, aX3)
d <- ncol(X)
dim(X)
b <- rep_len( c(-2/3, 2/3), d )
ystar <-
  X %*% b +
  7 * X[, "A"] * X[, "Yes"] -
  7 * X[, "B"] * X[, "No"]
xtrue_formula <- eval(parse(text="y ~ . + x1:x3"))
ysigmoid <- 1 / (1 + exp(-ystar))
range(ysigmoid)
y <- rbinom(size=1, n=N ,prob=ysigmoid)
m_tot <- 5
xnoint_formula <- eval(parse(text="y ~ ."))
Nall <- N
cov(X)
yall <- y
##### standardize and add a smidge of noise to inputs

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```

set.seed(777)
Xall <- t( ( t(X) - apply(X, 2, mean) ) / apply(X, 2, sd) ) + rnorm(prod(dim(X)), 0, 1/40)
dfx <- data.frame("y"=yall, x1, x2, x3)
##### incorrectly fit LM: no interactions
xglm <- glm(xnoint_formula , data=dfx, family=binomial(link="logit"))
summary(xglm)
yhat <- predict(xglm, newdata=dfx, type="response")
mean( f_logit_cost(y=yall, yhat=yhat) )
##### known true
xglm <- glm(xtrue_formula , data=dfx, family=binomial(link="logit"))
summary(xglm)
yhat <- predict(xglm, newdata=dfx, type="response")
mean( f_logit_cost(y=yall, yhat=yhat) )
xxfoldNumber <- rep_len( 1:4, Nall )
ufolds <- sort(unique(xxfoldNumber))
#####

xndx_test <- xxfoldNumber %in% 1
xndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, xndx_test )
#####

X_train <- Xall[ xndx_train, , drop=FALSE ]
X_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
y_train <- yall[ xndx_train ]
y_test <- yall[ xndx_test ]
#####

##### descent is very slow at first
##### takes about 30 minutes

xcmact_gradient <-
f_control_mactivate(
param_sensitivity = 10^14,
bool_free_w = TRUE,
w0_seed = 0.05,
w_col_search = "alternate",
bool_headStart = TRUE,
ss_stop = 10^{(-18)}, ### very small

```

```

escape_rate = 1.005,
step_size = 1,
Wadj = 1/1,
force_tries = 0,
lambda = 1/1 ##### does nothing here
)
#### Fit

Uall <- Xall
xthis_fold <- uflds[ 1 ]
xndx_test <- which( xxfoldNumber %in% xthis_fold )
xndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, xndx_test )
X_train <- Xall[ xndx_train, , drop=FALSE ]
y_train <- yall[ xndx_train ]
xxnow <- Sys.time()
xxls_out <-
f_fit_gradient_logistic_01(
X = X_train,
y = y_train,
m_tot = m_tot,
U = X_train,
m_start = 1,
mact_control = xcmact_gradient,
verbosity = 1
)
cat( difftime(Sys.time(), xxnow, units="mins"), "\n" )
##### check test error

U_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
X_test <- Xall[ xndx_test, , drop=FALSE ]
y_test <- yall[ xndx_test ]
yhatTT <- matrix(NA, length(xndx_test), m_tot+1)
for(iimm in 0:m_tot) {
  yhat_fold <- predict(object=xxls_out, X0=X_test, U0=U_test, mcols=iimm )
  yhatTT[ , iimm + 1 ] <- yhat_fold[[ "p0hat" ]]
}
errs_by_m <- NULL
for(iimm in 1:ncol(yhatTT)) {

```

```

yhatX <- yhatTT[ , iimm]
errs_by_m[ iimm ] <- mean( f_logit_cost(y=y_test, yhat=yhatX) )
cat(iimm, ":", errs_by_m[ iimm ])
}

##### plot test Logit Cost vs m

plot(0:(length(errs_by_m)-1), errs_by_m, type="l", xlab="m", ylab="Logit Cost")
##### test off 'correct' model
xtrue_formula_use <- xtrue_formula
xthis_fold <- ufolders[ 1 ]
xndx_test <- which( xxfoldNumber %in% xthis_fold )
xndx_train <- setdiff( 1:Nall, xndx_test )
xglm <- glm(xtrue_formula_use , data=dfx[ xndx_train, ], family=binomial(link="logit"))
yhat <- predict(xglm, newdata=dfx[ xndx_test, ], type="response")
mean( f_logit_cost(y=y_test, yhat=yhat) )

```